### Welcome to Saint Mark's Church!

The Great Three Days. Known traditionally as the Triduum, the days of Maundy Thursday, Good Friday, and Holy Saturday comprise a single extended Liturgy, as the Church observes Jesus' Passion, Death, and Resurrection. The shape of these services dates all the way back to the earliest centuries of the Church; by keeping them in the ancient manner we join with generations past in celebrating the Paschal Mystery: Christ's resurrection from the dead, whereby heaven and earth are joined, the grave is emptied of its prisoners, and humankind partakes of eternal life with God. This Mystery is the heart of Christian faith and life, and reorders both our lives and our cosmos, introducing new hope not only for a better future but also for a reconciled past. We warmly invite you to share this treasure with us, and pray that together we might be incorporated further into the abiding mystery of Divine Love.

# THE LITURGY OF GOOD FRIDAY

*¶All kneel in silence as they are able. The Officiant stands and says:* 

### The Collect of the Day

Almighty God, we pray you graciously to behold this your family, for whom our Lord Jesus Christ was willing to be betrayed, and given into the hands of sinners, and to suffer death upon the cross; who now lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, one God, for ever and ever. **Amen**.

*¶The people are seated.* 

### **First Reading**

### Isaiah 52:13-53:12

See, my servant shall prosper; he shall be exalted and lifted up, and shall be very high. Just as there were many who were astonished at him --so marred was his appearance, beyond human semblance, and his form beyond that of mortals-- so he shall startle many nations; kings shall shut their mouths because of him; for that which had not been told them they shall see, and that which they had not heard they shall contemplate.

Who has believed what we have heard? And to whom has the arm of the Lord been revealed? For he grew up before him like a young plant, and like a root out of dry ground; he had no form or majesty that we should look at him, nothing in his appearance that we should desire him. He was despised and rejected by others; a man of suffering and acquainted with infirmity; and as one from whom others hide their faces he was despised, and we held him of no account.

Surely he has borne our infirmities and carried our diseases; yet we accounted him stricken, struck down by God, and afflicted. But he was wounded for our transgressions, crushed for our iniquities; upon him was the punishment that made us whole, and by his bruises we are healed. All we like sheep have gone astray; we have all turned to our own way, and the Lord has laid on him the iniquity of us all.

He was oppressed, and he was afflicted, yet he did not open his mouth; like a lamb that is led to the slaughter, and like a sheep that before its shearers is silent so he did not open his mouth. By a perversion of justice he was taken away. Who could have imagined his future? For he was cut off from the land of the living, stricken for the transgression of my people. They made his grave with the wicked and his tomb with the rich, although he had done no violence, and there was no deceit in his mouth.

Yet it was the will of the Lord to crush him with pain. When you make his life an offering for sin, he shall see his offspring, and shall prolong his days; through him the will of the Lord shall prosper. Out of his anguish he shall see light; he shall find satisfaction through his knowledge. The righteous one, my servant, shall make many righteous, and he shall bear their iniquities. Therefore I will allot him a portion with the great, and he shall divide the spoil with the strong; because he poured out himself to death, and was numbered with the transgressors; yet he bore the sin of many, and made intercession for the transgressors.

#### Psalm 22

**The psalm is read antiphonally, with the people on the north/Gospel/pulpit side of the chancel reading the first verse, and the people on the south/Epistle/lectern side of the chancel reading the second verse, and so on.** 

- 1 My God, my God, why have you forsaken me? \* and are so far from my cry and from the words of my distress?
- 2 O my God, I cry in the daytime, but you do not answer; \* by night as well, but I find no rest.
- 3 Yet you are the Holy One, \*

enthroned upon the praises of Israel.

- 4 Our forefathers put their trust in you; \* they trusted, and you delivered them.
- 5 They cried out to you and were delivered; \*

they trusted in you and were not put to shame.

6 But as for me, I am a worm and no man, \* scorned by all and despised by the people.

7 All who see me laugh me to scorn; \* they curl their lips and wag their heads, saying, 8 "He trusted in the Lord; let him deliver him; \* let him rescue him, if he delights in him." 9 Yet you are he who took me out of the womb, \* and kept me safe upon my mother's breast. 10 I have been entrusted to you ever since I was born; \* you were my God when I was still in my mother's womb. 11 Be not far from me, for trouble is near, \* and there is none to help. 12 Many young bulls encircle me; \* strong bulls of Bashan surround me. 13 They open wide their jaws at me, \* like a ravening and a roaring lion. 14 I am poured out like water; all my bones are out of joint; \* my heart within my breast is melting wax. 15 My mouth is dried out like a pot-sherd; my tongue sticks to the roof of my mouth; \* and you have laid me in the dust of the grave. 16 Packs of dogs close me in, and gangs of evildoers circle around me; \* they pierce my hands and my feet; I can count all my bones. 17 They stare and gloat over me; \* they divide my garments among them; they cast lots for my clothing. 18 Be not far away, O Lord; \* you are my strength; hasten to help me. 19 Save me from the sword, \* my life from the power of the dog. 20 Save me from the lion's mouth, \* my wretched body from the horns of wild bulls. 21 I will declare your Name to my brethren; \* in the midst of the congregation I will praise you. 22 Praise the Lord, you that fear him; \* stand in awe of him, O offspring of Israel; all you of Jacob's line, give glory. 23 For he does not despise nor abhor the poor in their poverty; neither does he hide his face from them; \* but when they cry to him he hears them. 24 My praise is of him in the great assembly; \* I will perform my vows in the presence of those who worship him. 25 The poor shall eat and be satisfied, and those who seek the Lord shall praise him: \* "May your heart live for ever!" 26 All the ends of the earth shall remember and turn to the Lord, \* and all the families of the nations shall bow before him. 27 For kingship belongs to the Lord; \* he rules over the nations. 28 To him alone all who sleep in the earth bow down in worship; \* all who go down to the dust fall before him. 29 My soul shall live for him; my descendants shall serve him; \* they shall be known as the Lord's for ever. 30 They shall come and make known to a people yet unborn \* the saving deeds that he has done.

#### Second Reading

#### Hebrews 4: 14-16; 5: 7-9

Since, then, we have a great high priest who has passed through the heavens, Jesus, the Son of God, let us hold fast to our confession. For we do not have a high priest who is unable to sympathize with our weaknesses, but we have one who in every respect has been tested as we are, yet without sin. Let us therefore approach the throne of grace with boldness, so that we may receive mercy and find grace to help in time of need. In the days of his flesh, Jesus offered up prayers and supplications, with loud cries and tears, to the one who was able to save him from death, and he was heard because of his reverent submission. Although he was a Son, he learned obedience through what he suffered; and having been made perfect, he became the source of eternal salvation for all who obey him.





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#### **The Passion Gospel**

#### John 18:1-19:42

*The usual responses are omitted for the Passion Gospel. The People remain seated until the verse when Jesus is handed over to be crucified, when all stand as they are able. All are invited to kneel at the death of Jesus, and silence will be observed for a time.* 

Jesus went out with his disciples across the Kidron valley to a place where there was a garden, which he and his disciples entered. Now Judas, who betrayed him, also knew the place, because Jesus often met there with his disciples. So Judas brought a detachment of soldiers together with police from the chief priests and the Pharisees, and they came there with lanterns and torches and weapons. Then Jesus, knowing all that was to happen to him, came forward and asked them, "Whom are you looking for?" They answered, "Jesus of Nazareth." Jesus replied, "I am he." Judas, who betrayed him, was standing with them. When Jesus said to them, "I am he," they stepped back and fell to the ground. Again he asked them, "Whom are you looking for?" And they said, "Jesus of Nazareth." Jesus answered, "I told you that I am he. So if you are looking for me, let these men go." This was to fulfill the word that he had spoken, "I did not lose a single one of those whom you gave me." Then Simon Peter, who had a sword, drew it, struck the high priest's slave, and cut off his right ear. The slave's name was Malchus. Jesus said to Peter, "Put your sword back into its sheath. Am I not to drink the cup that the Father has given me?"

So the soldiers, their officer, and the Jewish police arrested Jesus and bound him. First they took him to Annas, who was the father-in-law of Caiaphas, the high priest that year. Caiaphas was the one who had advised the Jews that it was better to have one person die for the people.

Simon Peter and another disciple followed Jesus. Since that disciple was known to the high priest, he went with Jesus into the courtyard of the high priest, but Peter was standing outside at the gate. So the other disciple, who was known to the high priest, went out, spoke to the woman who guarded the gate, and brought Peter in. The woman said to Peter, "You are not also one of this man's disciples, are you?" He said, "I am not." Now the slaves and the police had made a charcoal fire because it was cold, and they were standing around it and warming themselves. Peter also was standing with them and warming himself.

Then the high priest questioned Jesus about his disciples and about his teaching. Jesus answered, "I have spoken openly to the world; I have always taught in synagogues and in the temple, where all the Jews come together. I have said nothing in secret. Why do you ask me? Ask those who heard what I said to them; they know what I said." When he had said this, one of the police standing nearby struck Jesus on the face, saying, "Is that how you answer the high priest?" Jesus answered, "If I have spoken wrongly, testify to the wrong. But if I have spoken rightly, why do you strike me?" Then Annas sent him bound to Caiaphas the high priest.

Now Simon Peter was standing and warming himself. They asked him, "You are not also one of his disciples, are you?" He denied it and said, "I am not." One of the slaves of the high priest, a relative of the man whose ear Peter had cut off, asked, "Did I not see you in the garden with him?" Again Peter denied it, and at that moment the cock crowed.

Then they took Jesus from Caiaphas to Pilate's headquarters. It was early in the morning. They themselves did not enter the headquarters, so as to avoid ritual defilement and to be able to eat the Passover. So Pilate went out to them and said, "What accusation do you bring against this man?" They answered, "If this man were not a criminal, we would not have handed him over to you." Pilate said to them, "Take him yourselves and judge him according to your law." The Jews replied, "We are not permitted to put anyone to death." (This was to fulfill what Jesus had said when he indicated the kind of death he was to die.)

Then Pilate entered the headquarters again, summoned Jesus, and asked him, "Are you the King of the Jews?" Jesus answered, "Do you ask this on your own, or did others tell you about me?" Pilate replied, "I am not a Jew, am I? Your own nation and the chief priests have handed you over to me. What have you done?" Jesus answered, "My kingdom is not from this world. If my kingdom were from this world, my followers would be fighting to keep me from being handed over to the Jews. But as it is, my kingdom is not from here." Pilate asked him, "So you are a king?" Jesus answered, "You say that I am a king. For this I was born, and for this I came into the world, to testify to the truth. Everyone who belongs to the truth listens to my voice." Pilate asked him, "What is truth?"

After he had said this, he went out to the Jews again and told them, "I find no case against him. But you have a custom that I release someone for you at the Passover. Do you want me to release for you the King of the Jews?" They shouted in reply, "Not this man, but Barabbas!" Now Barabbas was a bandit.

Then Pilate took Jesus and had him flogged. And the soldiers wove a crown of thorns and put it on his head, and they dressed him in a purple robe. They kept coming up to him, saying, "Hail, King of the Jews!" and striking him on the face. Pilate went out again and said to them, "Look, I am bringing him out to you to let you know that I find no case against him." So Jesus came out, wearing the crown of thorns and the purple robe. Pilate said to them, "Here is the man!" When the chief priests and the police saw him, they shouted, "Crucify him! Crucify him!" Pilate said to them, "Take him yourselves and crucify him; I find no case against him." The Jews answered him, "We have a law, and according to that law he ought to die because he has claimed to be the Son of God."

Now when Pilate heard this, he was more afraid than ever. He entered his headquarters again and asked Jesus, "Where are you from?" But Jesus gave him no answer. Pilate therefore said to him, "Do you refuse to speak to me? Do you not know that I have power to release you, and power to crucify you?" Jesus answered him, "You would have no power over me unless it had been given you from above; therefore the one who handed me over to you is guilty of a greater sin." From then on Pilate tried to release him, but the Jews cried out, "If you release this man, you are no friend of the emperor. Everyone who claims to be a king sets himself against the emperor."

When Pilate heard these words, he brought Jesus outside and sat on the judge's bench at a place called The Stone Pavement, or in Hebrew Gabbatha. Now it was the day of Preparation for the Passover; and it was about noon. He said to the Jews, "Here is your King!" They cried out, "Away with him! Away with him! Crucify him!" Pilate asked them, "Shall I crucify your King?" The chief priests answered, "We have no king but the emperor." Then he handed him over to them to be crucified.

### ¶All stand

So they took Jesus; and carrying the cross by himself, he went out to what is called The Place of the Skull, which in Hebrew is called Golgotha. There they crucified him, and with him two others, one on either side, with Jesus between them. Pilate also had an inscription written and put on the cross. It read, "Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews." Many of the Jews read this inscription, because the place where Jesus was crucified was near the city; and it was written in Hebrew, in Latin, and in Greek. Then the chief priests of the Jews said to Pilate, "Do not write, "The King of the Jews,' but, 'This man said, I

am King of the Jews." Pilate answered, "What I have written I have written." When the soldiers had crucified Jesus, they took his clothes and divided them into four parts, one for each soldier. They also took his tunic; now the tunic was seamless, woven in one piece from the top. So they said to one another, "Let us not tear it, but cast lots for it to see who will get it." This was to fulfill what the scripture says,

"They divided my clothes among themselves, and for my clothing they cast lots." And that is what the soldiers did.

Meanwhile, standing near the cross of Jesus were his mother, and his mother's sister, Mary the wife of Clopas, and Mary Magdalene. When Jesus saw his mother and the disciple whom he loved standing beside her, he said to his mother, "Woman, here is your son." Then he said to the disciple, "Here is your mother." And from that hour the disciple took her into his own home.

After this, when Jesus knew that all was now finished, he said (in order to fulfill the scripture), "I am thirsty." A jar full of sour wine was standing there. So they put a sponge full of the wine on a branch of hyssop and held it to his mouth. When Jesus had received the wine, he said, "It is finished." Then he bowed his head and gave up his spirit.

### ¶All kneel

 $\P \ Silence \ is \ kept$ 

Since it was the day of Preparation, the Jews did not want the bodies left on the cross during the sabbath, especially because that sabbath was a day of great solemnity. So they asked Pilate to have the legs of the crucified men broken and the bodies removed. Then the soldiers came and broke the legs of the first and of the other who had been crucified with him. But when they came to Jesus and saw that he was already dead, they did not break his legs. Instead, one of the soldiers pierced his side with a spear, and at once blood and water came out. (He who saw this has testified so that you also may believe. His testimony is true, and he knows that he tells the truth.) These things occurred so that the scripture might be fulfilled, "None of his bones shall be broken." And again another passage of scripture says, "They will look on the one whom they have pierced."

After these things, Joseph of Arimathea, who was a disciple of Jesus, though a secret one because of his fear of the Jews, asked Pilate to let him take away the body of Jesus. Pilate gave him permission; so he came and removed his body. Nicodemus, who had at first come to Jesus by night, also came, bringing a mixture of myrrh and aloes, weighing about a hundred pounds. They took the body of Jesus and wrapped it with the spices in linen cloths, according to the burial custom of the Jews. Now there was a garden in the place where he was crucified, and in the garden there was a new tomb in which no one had ever been laid. And so, because it was the Jewish day of Preparation, and the tomb was nearby, they laid Jesus there.

The Homily

The Rev'd Canon Jeremy Davies

Hymn 474



Words: Isaac Watts (1674-1748) Music: Rockingham, from Second Supplement to Psalmody in Miniature, ca. 1780; harm. Edward Miller (1731-1807)

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### The Solemn Collects

*The congregation is invited to stand or kneel during the Solemn Collects.* 

Leader: Dear People of God: Our heavenly Father sent his Son into the world, not to condemn the world, but that the world through him might be saved; that all who believe in him might be delivered from the power of sin and death, and become heirs with him of everlasting life.

We pray, therefore, for people everywhere according to their needs.

Leader: Let us pray for the holy Catholic Church of Christ throughout the world;

For its unity in witness and service For all bishops and other ministers and the people whom they serve For Marc, our Bishop, and all the people of this diocese For all Christians in this community For those about to be baptized

That God will confirm his Church in faith, increase it in love, and preserve it in peace.

Silence

Officiant:	Almighty and everlasting God, by whose Spirit the whole body of your faithful people is governed and sanctified: Receive our supplications and prayers which we offer before you for all members of your holy Church, that in their vocation and ministry they may truly and devoutly serve you; through our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ. <b>Amen</b> .
Leader:	Let us pray for all nations and peoples of the earth, and for those in authority among them;
	For Joseph, the President of the United States For the Congress and the Supreme Court For the Members and Representatives of the United Nations For all who serve the common good
	That by God's help they may seek justice and truth, and live in peace and concord.
Silence	
Officiant:	Almighty God, kindle, we pray, in every heart the true love of peace, and guide with your wisdom those who take counsel for the nations of the earth; that in tranquility your dominion may increase, until the earth is filled with the knowledge of your love; through Jesus Christ our Lord. <b>Amen</b> .
Leader:	Let us pray for all who suffer and are afflicted in body or in mind;
	For the hungry and the homeless, the destitute and the oppressed For the sick, the wounded, and the crippled For those in loneliness, fear, and anguish For those who face temptation, doubt, and despair For the sorrowful and bereaved For prisoners and captives, and those in mortal danger
	That God in his mercy will comfort and relieve them, and grant them the knowledge of his love, and stir up in us the will and patience to minister to their needs.
Silence	
Officiant:	Gracious God, the comfort of all who sorrow, the strength of all who suffer: Let the cry of those in misery and need come to you, that they may find your mercy present with them in all their afflictions; and give us, we pray, the strength to serve them for the sake of him who suffered for us, your Son Jesus Christ our Lord. <b>Amen</b> .
Leader:	Let us pray for all who have not received the Gospel of Christ;
	For those who have never heard the word of salvation For those who have lost their faith For those hardened by sin or indifference For the contemptuous and the scornful For those who are enemies of the cross of Christ and persecutors of his disciples For those who in the name of Christ have persecuted others
	That God will open their hearts to the truth, and lead them to faith and obedience.
Silence	
Officiant:	Merciful God, creator of all the peoples of the earth and lover of souls: Have compassion on all who do not know you as you are revealed in your Son Jesus Christ; let your Gospel be preached with grace and power to those who have not heard it; turn the hearts of those who resist it; and bring home to your fold those who have gone astray; that there may be one flock under one shepherd, Jesus Christ our Lord. <b>Amen</b> .
Leader:	Let us commit ourselves to God, and pray for the grace of a holy life, that, with all who have departed this world and have died in the peace of Christ, and those whose faith is known to God alone, we may be accounted worthy to enter into the fullness of the joy of our Lord, and receive the crown of life in the day of resurrection.
Silence	
Officiant:	O God of unchangeable power and eternal light: Look favorably on your whole Church, that wonderful and sacred mystery; by the effectual working of your providence, carry out in tranquility the plan of salvation; let the whole world see and know that things which were cast down are being raised up, and things which had grown old are being made new, and that all things are being brought to their perfection by him through whom all things were made, your Son Jesus Christ our Lord; who lives and reigns with you, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, one God, for ever and ever. <b>Amen</b> .

### The Veneration of the Cross

**The congregation remains standing, while a wooden cross is carried into the church and raised at three points on the way to its stand.** At each raising, this acclamation is sung:

Officiant: Behold the Wood of the Cross, whereon was hung the world's Salvation



*When the cross is in place, the congregation is seated. All join in the following devotions, commonly known as "The Reproaches."* 

- Side A: I brought you out of the land of Egypt; and you have prepared a Cross for your Savior.
- Side B: I led you through the wilderness forty years, and fed you with manna, and brought you into a bountiful, good land; and you have prepared a Cross for your Savior.
- All: Holy God, Holy and Mighty, Holy and Immortal, have mercy upon us.
- Side A: What could I have done for you that I have not done? I planted you, you are my fairest vine; but when I was thirsty you gave me vinegar to drink, and pierced my side with a spear.
- Side B: For your sake, I scourged Egypt with her first-born, and you delivered me to be scourged.
- All: O my people, what have I done to you? Or how have I wearied you? Answer me.
- Side A: I led you out of Egypt, drowning Pharaoh in the Red Sea; and you delivered me to the Chief Priests.
- Side B: I opened the sea before you; and you opened my side with a spear.
- All: O my people, what have I done to you? Or how have I wearied you? Answer me.
- Side A: I went before you in a pillar of cloud; and you led me to the judgement hall of Pilate.
- Side B: I fed you with manna in the desert; and you have beaten me with buffetings and scourgings.
- All: O my people, what have I done to you? Or how have I wearied you? Answer me.
- Side A: I gave you to drink water from the rock; and you gave me gall and vinegar.
- Side B: I gave you a royal scepter; and you gave my head a crown of thorns.
- All: O my people, what have I done to you? Or how have I wearied you? Answer me.
- Side A: I exalted you with great power;
- Side B: And you raised me up upon the Cross.
- All: Holy God, Holy and Mighty, Holy and Immortal, have mercy upon us.
- Officiant: You are worthy, O Lord, to receive glory,
- All: You were slain, and have redeemed us by your blood; for you became obedient unto death, even the death of the Cross.





<sup>\*</sup>The bracketed notes are to be treated as triplet groups.

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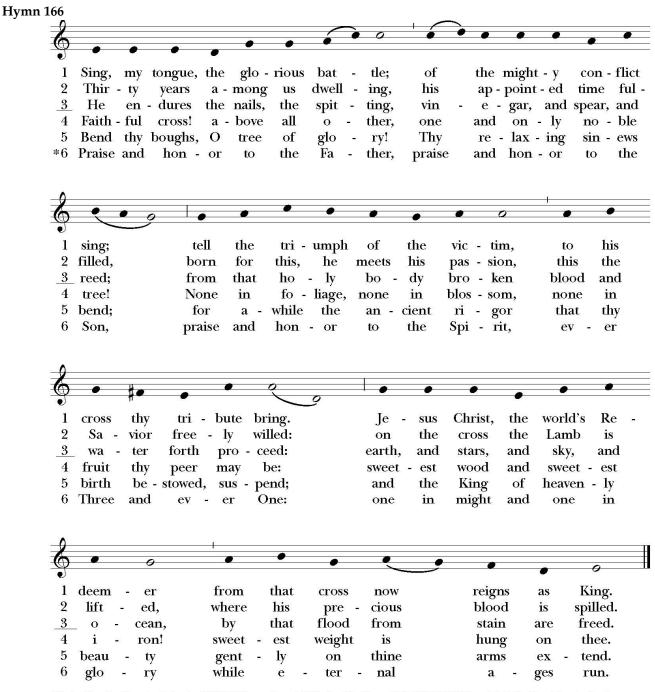
#### **Confession and Absolution**

All: Most merciful God, we confess that we have sinned against you in thought, word, and deed, by what we have done, and by what we have left undone. We have not loved you with our whole heart; we have not loved our neighbors as ourselves. We are truly sorry and we humbly repent. For the sake of your Son Jesus Christ, have mercy on us and forgive us; that we may delight in your will, and walk in your ways, to the glory of your Name. Amen.

#### The Lord's Prayer

All: Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy Name, thy kingdom come, thy will be done, on earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

*¶After the Lord's Prayer, during the hymn, the Officiant retrieves the Blessed Sacrament from the Altar of Repose.* 



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Officiant: Behold the Lamb of God; behold him who takes away the sins of the world **People:** Lord, I am not worthy that you should come under my roof; but speak the word only, and my soul shall be healed.

### A Form for Spiritual Communion

In times like these where it is imprudent or impossible for all to receive Holy Communion, it is still possible to make an act of spiritual communion. The following devotion can be made at any time when you are prevented from being present at the Eucharist, but we encourage you to use it during these weeks of live-streamed services especially, at the time while communion is being administered and the ablutions performed. This form comes from a book of devotion, "The Habit of Holiness," by Martin Warner.

Make an Act of Spiritual Communion to unite your intention with that of the whole Church: Lord Jesus Christ, saving Victim, Priest divine, in union with the faithful at every altar of your Church where your body and blood are offered to the Father, I make an oblation of praise and thanksgiving. I believe that you are truly present in the Eucharist. To you I offer my soul, my body, and my life. Come to my heart, embrace me with your love. Conform my will to the pattern of your perfect obedience, so that loving all that you love, I may never be separated from you, but live to the glory of God. Amen.

### *Pray the Lord's Prayer:*

Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy Name, thy kingdom come, thy will be done, on earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

Meditate on the soul's mystical union with Christ; the 14th c. poem, 'Anima Christi' is a good place to start: Soul of Christ, sanctify me. Body of Christ, save me. Blood of Christ, inebriate me. Water from the side of Christ, wash me. Passion of Christ, strengthen me. Within thy wounds hide me. Suffer me not to be separated from thee. From the malicious enemy defend me. In the hour of my death, call me and bid me come to thee, That with thy saints I may praise thee For ever and ever.

*Offer a prayer of thanksgiving; this is one by St. Richard of Chichester:* Thanks be to thee, my Lord Jesus Christ, for all the benefits thou hast won for me, for all the pains and insults thou hast borne for me. O most merciful redeemer, friend and brother, may I know thee more clearly, love thee more dearly, and follow thee more nearly, day by day. Amen.

The Grace

+The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all, evermore. Amen.

Hymn 168



Words: Paul Gerhardt (1607-1676); sts. 1-3 and 5, tr. Robert Seymour Bridges (1844-1930); st. 4, tr. James Waddell Alexander (1804-1859), alt. Music: Herzlich tut mich verlangen [Passion Chorale], Hans Leo Hessler (1564-1612); adapt. and harm. Johann Sebastian Bach (1685-1750)

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## **Concluding Collect**

Officiant: The Lord be with you. **People: And also with you.** Officiant: Let us pray.

Lord Jesus Christ, Son of the living God, we pray you to set your passion, cross, and death between your judgment and our souls, now and in the hour of our death. Give mercy and grace to the living; pardon and rest to the dead; to your holy Church peace and concord; and to us sinners everlasting life and glory; for with the Father and Holy Spirit you live and reign, one God, now and for ever. **Amen.** 

**There is no blessing or dismissal, and all depart in silence.** *The Triduum concludes tomorrow via livestream with the Great Vigil of Easter at 7:30pm.* 

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As is our custom, all gifts we receive today on Good Friday will go to support the Church in the Holy Land. When you give, either online or by check, please include a note or memo that your gift is for the Good Friday Offering. Thank you for your support, and join us in praying for the peace of Jerusalem.

# The Liturgies of Holy Week:

Saturday, April 3rd – The Great Vigil of Easter 7:30 p.m., The Great Vigil of Easter – Livestream

*Sunday, April 4th – Easter Day* 10:00 a.m., Holy Eucharist – Livestream

**Our Holy Week guest preacher is Jeremy Davies.** The Rev'd Davies graduated with degrees in English and Theology from Cambridge University and after a curacy in the East End of London spent eleven years as a university chaplain, first at Queen Mary, University of London, and then as Senior Chaplain at Cardiff University and the Polytechnic of Wales. In 1985 he became Canon Precentor of Salisbury Cathedral - a post which he held for over twenty-six years until his retirement in 2012. During his ministry he has become well known as a preacher, hymn-writer, and script writer; broadcaster, spiritual director, and lecturer (especially on Anglican spirituality, apologetics and art and theology) conductor of retreats and quiet days. His book In Season and out of Season on the art of sermon creation was published in 2014. He has directed The Way of the Cross throughout the UK, and has been consultant to many other productions of this large-scale Passion pageant. Since his retirement he has ministered in a parish in St Louis, Missouri and also for two years as interim chaplain at his old Cambridge college. He is currently researching for a doctorate on the novels of the British author Iris Murdoch.